



**Isle of Man**

*Ellan Vannin*

AT 10 of 2020

**DIVORCE, DISSOLUTION AND  
SEPARATION (ISLE OF MAN) ACT 2020**





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**Isle of Man***Ellan Vannin*

## DIVORCE, DISSOLUTION AND SEPARATION (ISLE OF MAN) ACT 2020

*Signed in Tynwald:* 20 October 2020  
*Received Royal Assent:* 20 October 2020  
*Announced to Tynwald:* 20 October 2020

**AN ACT** to make, in relation to marriage and civil partnership, provision about divorce, dissolution and separation; and for connected purposes.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Council and Keys in Tynwald assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

### *Introductory*<sup>1</sup>

#### **1 Short title**

The short title of this Act is the Divorce, Dissolution and Separation (Isle of Man) Act 2020.

#### **2 Commencement**

- (1) This Act comes into operation on such day or days as the Council of Ministers, after consultation with the Deemsters, may by order appoint. This is subject to the following qualification.
- (2) Section 8(2) comes into operation on announcement day.
- (3) An order under subsection (1) may include such consequential, incidental, supplemental, transitional and transitory provision, including amendments or repeals of Manx enactments as the Council of Ministers, after consultation with the Deemsters, considers appropriate.<sup>2</sup>  
Tynwald procedure for an order under subsection (1) — laying only.

*Divorce and judicial separation***3 Divorce: removal of requirement to establish facts etc**

2019/20 HL Bill 02/1

For section 2 of the *Matrimonial Proceedings Act 2003* (divorce on breakdown of marriage) substitute—

**2 Divorce on breakdown of marriage**

(1) Subject to section 4, either or both parties to a marriage may apply to the Court for an order (a “**divorce order**”) which dissolves the marriage on the ground that the marriage has broken down irretrievably.<sup>3</sup>

(2) An application under subsection (1) must be accompanied by a statement by the applicant or applicants that the marriage has broken down irretrievably.

(3) The court dealing with an application under subsection (1) must—

- (a) take the statement to be conclusive evidence that the marriage has broken down irretrievably, and
- (b) make a divorce order.

(4) A divorce order—

- (a) is, in the first instance, a provisional order, and<sup>4</sup>
- (b) may not be made final before the end of the period of 6 weeks from the making of the provisional order.<sup>5</sup>

(5) The court may not make a provisional order unless—

- (a) in the case of an application that is to proceed as an application by one party to the marriage only, that party has confirmed to the court that they wish the application to continue, or
- (b) in the case of an application that is to proceed as an application by both parties to the marriage, those parties have confirmed to the court that they wish the application to continue;

and a party may not give confirmation for the purposes of this subsection before the end of the period of 20 weeks from the start of proceedings.<sup>6</sup>

(6) Despite subsection (4)(b) or (5) the court may in a particular case—

- (a) permit a party to give confirmation for the purposes of subsection (5); or
- (b) make a provisional order final,<sup>7</sup>

before the expiry of the period specified in subsection (4)(b) or (5) (as the case requires) if it appears to the court to be just to do so.

- (7) The Council of Ministers, after consulting the Deemsters, may by order amend this section so as to shorten or lengthen the period specified in subsection (4)(b) or (5).

Tynwald procedure – approval required.

- (8) But an order under subsection (7) may not provide for a period which would result in the total number of days in the periods for the purposes of subsections (4)(b) and (5) (taken together) exceeding 26 weeks.

- (9) Rules may make provision as to the procedure for an application under subsection (1) by both parties to a marriage to become an application by one party to the marriage only (including provision for a statement made under subsection (2) in connection with the application to be treated as made by one party to the marriage only).<sup>8</sup>

#### 4 Separation: removal of factual grounds

2019/20 HL Bill 02/2

- (1) Section 17 of the *Matrimonial Proceedings Act 2003* (separation) is amended as follows.

- (2) For subsection (1) substitute—

<sup>8</sup>(1) Either or both parties to a marriage may apply to the Court for an order (a “**separation order**”) which provides for the separation of the parties to the marriage.<sup>8</sup>

(1A) An application under subsection (1) must be accompanied by—

- (a) if the application is by one party to the marriage only, a statement by that person that they seek to be judicially separated from the other party to the marriage, or
- (b) if the application is by both parties to the marriage, a statement by them that they seek to be judicially separated from one another.

(1B) On an application under subsection (1), the Court must make a separation order.<sup>9</sup>

- (3) Omit subsections (2) and (3).

*Civil partnership: dissolution and separation***5 Dissolution: removal of requirement to establish facts**

2019/20 HL Bill 02/3

- (1) Section 42 of the *Civil Partnership Act 2011* (dissolution of civil partnership which has broken down irretrievably) is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1), for “either civil partner” substitute “either or both civil partners”.
- (3) After subsection (1) insert—
  - ¶ (1A) An application under subsection (1) must be accompanied by a statement by the applicant or applicants that the civil partnership has broken down irretrievably.”
- (4) Omit subsections (2) and (3).
- (5) For subsection (4) substitute—
  - ¶ (4) The court dealing with an application under subsection (1) must—
    - (a) take the statement to be conclusive evidence that the civil partnership has broken down irretrievably, and
    - (b) make a dissolution order.
  - (4A) Without limiting section 25 of the *High Court Act 1991*, rules may make provision as to the procedure for an application under subsection (1) by both civil partners to become an application by one civil partner only (including provision for a statement made under subsection (1A) in connection with the application to be treated as made by one civil partner only).<sup>10</sup>
- (6) Omit subsections (5) and (6).

**6 Dissolution orders: time limits**

2019/20 HL Bill 02/4

- (1) The *Civil Partnership Act 2011* is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 35 (powers to make orders and effect of orders), omit subsection (2).
- (3) After section 35 insert—
  - ¶ **35A Dissolution on ground of breakdown: provisional and final orders<sup>10</sup>**
    - (1) Every dissolution order—
      - (a) is, in the first instance, a provisional order, and<sup>11</sup>



- (b) may not be made final before the end of the period of 6 weeks from the making of the provisional order (the “**first prescribed period**”).<sup>12</sup>
- (2) The court may not make a provisional order unless—
- (a) in the case of an application that is to proceed as an application by one civil partner only, that person has confirmed to the court that he or she wishes the application to continue, or
- (b) in the case of an application that is to proceed as an application by both civil partners, those persons have confirmed to the court that they wish the application to continue;
- and a person may not give confirmation for the purposes of this subsection before the end of the period of 20 weeks from the start of proceedings (the “**second prescribed period**”).<sup>13</sup>
- (3) The Council of Ministers, after consulting the Deemsters, may by order amend this section so as to substitute—
- (a) a different definition of the first prescribed period, or
- (b) a different definition of the second prescribed period.
- Tynwald procedure — approval required.
- (4) But an order under subsection (3) may not provide for a period which would result in the total number of days in the first and second prescribed periods (taken together) exceeding 26 weeks.
- (5) Despite subsections (1)(b) and (2) the court may in a particular case—
- (a) permit a party to give confirmation for the purposes of subsection (2); or
- (b) make a provisional order final,<sup>14</sup>
- before the expiry of the period specified in subsection (1)(b) or (2) if it appears to the court to be just to do so. **22**.
- (4) In section 36 (the period before provisional orders may be made final)—
- (a) for the heading substitute—
- “**36 Annulment and presumption of death: provisional and final orders**”;<sup>15</sup>
- (b) before subsection (1) insert—
- 23**(A1) Every nullity or presumption of death order—
- (a) is, in the first instance, a provisional order, and<sup>16</sup>

- (b) may not be made final before the end of the prescribed period for the purposes of this paragraph. **22**;
- (c) in subsection (1), in the words before paragraph (a), for “section 35(2)(b)” substitute **23** subsection (A1)(b) **22**;
- (d) in subsection (2), for “section 35(2)(b)” substitute **23** subsection (A1)(b) **22**.<sup>17</sup>

## 7 Separation: removal of factual grounds

2019/20 HL Bill 02/5

- (1) Section 54 of the *Civil Partnership Act 2011* (separation orders) is amended as follows.<sup>18</sup>
- (2) In subsection (1), for the words from “either civil partner” to the end substitute **23** either or both civil partners. **22**.
- (3) After subsection (1) insert—
  - 23** (1A) An application under subsection (1) must be accompanied by—
    - (a) if the application is by one civil partner only, a statement by that person that he or she seeks to be separated from the other civil partner, or
    - (b) if the application is by both civil partners, a statement by them that they seek to be separated from one another. **22**.
- (4) Omit subsection (2).
- (5) For subsection (3) substitute—
  - 23** (3) The court dealing with an application under subsection (1) must make a separation order. **22**.
- (6) Omit subsection (4).

### *General*

## 8 Minor and consequential amendments

2019/20 HL Bill 02/6

- (1) The Schedule contains minor and consequential amendments.
- (2) The Council of Ministers, after consulting the Deemsters, may by order make provision consequential on any provision made by this Act, including making amendments to any Manx enactment (whenever passed or made) or modifications to Parliamentary enactments in their application to the Island.<sup>19</sup>  
Tynwald procedure — approval required.
- (3) [Repealed]<sup>20</sup>

## SCHEDULE

## MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

2019/20 HL Bill 02/Sch. 1 (so far as relevant)

[Section 8(1)]<sup>21</sup>PART 1: AMENDMENT OF THE MATRIMONIAL  
PROCEEDINGS ACT 2003**1 Matrimonial Proceedings Act 2003 amended**The *Matrimonial Proceedings Act 2003* is amended as follows.**2 Sections 3, 4(2), 5 and 6 omitted**<sup>22</sup>

- (1) Omit section 3 (facts raising presumption of breakdown of marriage).<sup>23</sup>
- (2) Omit section 4(2) (which permits an application to be made on the basis of matters arising in the first year of marriage).<sup>24</sup>
- (3) Omit section 5 (divorce not precluded by previous separation order).<sup>25</sup>
- (4) Omit section 6 (refusal of order in 5 year separation cases on hardship grounds).<sup>26</sup>

**3 Attempts at reconciliation: section 7 amended**In section 7(1) for “divorce” substitute **“a divorce order”**.**4 Consideration of certain agreements or arrangements: section 8 amended**

- (1) Section 8 is amended as follows.
- (2) In paragraph (a) —
  - (a) for “either before or after the making of an application for a divorce order” substitute —
 

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>“when proceedings for a divorce order are contemplated or have begun”</b>; and</li> <li>for “the proceedings for divorce which are contemplated or, as the case may be, have begun” substitute <b>“the proceedings”</b>.</li> </ol>
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**5 Special protection for respondent in separation cases: section 9 amended**

- (1) Section 9 is amended as follows.
- (2) For the heading substitute —

**9 Proceedings before divorce order made final: special protection for respondent.**

(3) Omit subsection (1).

(4) For subsections (2) and (3) substitute—

**(2)** The following provisions of this section apply where—

(a) on an application for a divorce order, a provisional order has been made and—

(i) the provisional order is in favour of one party to a marriage, or<sup>27</sup>

(ii) the provisional order is in favour of both parties to a marriage, but one of the parties has since withdrawn from the application, and<sup>28 29</sup>

(b) the respondent has applied to the court for consideration under subsection (3) of his or her financial position after the divorce.

**(3)** Subject to subsection (4), the court hearing an application by the respondent under subsection (2) must not make the divorce order final unless it is satisfied—

(a) that the applicant for the divorce order should not be required to make any financial provision for the respondent, or

(b) that the financial provision made by the applicant for the divorce order for the respondent is reasonable and fair or the best that can be made in the circumstances.

**(3A)** In making a determination under subsection (3) the court must consider all the circumstances including—

(a) the age, health, conduct, earning capacity, financial resources and financial obligations of each of the parties to the marriage, and

(b) the financial position of the respondent as, having regard to the divorce, it is likely to be after the death of the applicant for the divorce order should that person die first.

(5) In subsection (4)—

(a) in the words before paragraph (a), for “order final” substitute **divorce order final**; and

(b) in paragraph (b), for “applicant that he will make such financial provision” substitute **applicant that he or she will make such financial provision**.

**6 Relief for respondent in divorce proceedings: section 10 omitted**

Omit section 10.

**7 Period before annulment orders may be made final: section 13B inserted**

After section 13A (grounds on which a marriage converted from a civil partnership is void or voidable) insert—

**13B Period before annulment orders may be made final**

- (1) An annulment order—
  - (a) is, in the first instance, a provisional order, and<sup>30</sup>
  - (b) may not be made final before the end of the period of 6 weeks from the making of the provisional order.<sup>31</sup>
- (2) Rules of court may amend this section so as to shorten or lengthen the period for the purposes of subsection (1)(b).  
Tynwald procedure — laying only.
- (3) But rules of court under subsection (2) may not lengthen the period so that it exceeds 6 months.
- (4) In a particular case the court dealing with the case may by order shorten the period that would otherwise apply for the purposes of subsection (1)(b).<sup>32</sup>

**8 Bars to relief where marriage voidable: section 14 amended**

- (1) Section 14 is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1)(a) —
  - (a) for “him to have” substitute “him or her to have”;
  - (b) for “so conducted himself” substitute “so conducted himself or herself”;
  - (c) for “he would” substitute “he or she would”.<sup>32</sup>

**9 Provisional and final orders: section 23 amended**

- (1) Section 23 is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1) omit “a divorce order, annulment order and”.
- (3) In subsection (3) for “a divorce order, annulment order or” substitute “an order”.<sup>33</sup>
- (4) Omit subsection (4).

**10 Parties to proceedings under Part I: section 24 amended**

- (1) Section 24 is amended as follows.
- (2) Omit subsections (1) to (3).
- (3) In subsection (4)—
  - (a) omit “, in cases not falling within subsection (1),”;
  - (b) in paragraph (a) omit “adultery or other”.
- (4) In subsection (5) omit paragraph (a) (and the word “or” immediately following that paragraph).

**11 Duration of continuing financial provision orders and effect of remarriage: section 40 amended**

- (1) Section 40 is amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2) for “term specified in the order” substitute —  
| **66** term specified in the periodical payments order or secured periodical  
| payments order **69**.

**PART 2: AMENDMENT OF THE CIVIL PARTNERSHIP ACT  
2011****12 Civil Partnership Act 2011 amended**

The *Civil Partnership Act 2011* is amended as follows.

**13 Proceedings before order has been made final: section 38 amended**

In section 38(4)—

- (a) for “section 35(2)” substitute **66** sections 35A(1) and 36(A1) **69**;
- (b) in paragraph (b) omit “in separation cases”.

**14 Time bar on applications for dissolution orders: section 39 amended**

Omit section 39(2).

**15 Supplemental provisions as to facts raising presumption of breakdown:  
section 43 omitted**

Omit section 43.

**16 Dissolution not precluded by previous separation order, etc.: section 44  
omitted**

Omit section 44.

**17 Refusal of dissolution in 5 year separation cases on ground of severe hardship: section 45 omitted**

Omit section 45.

**18 Proceedings before order made final: protection for respondent in separation cases: section 46 amended**

In section 46—

- (a) in the heading omit “in separation cases”;
- (b) omit subsection (1);
- (c) for subsection (2) substitute—

▮ (2) Subsections (3) to (5) apply if—

- (a) on an application for a dissolution, a provisional dissolution order has been made and—
  - (i) the provisional dissolution order is in favour of one civil partner only, or
  - (ii) the provisional dissolution order is in favour of both civil partners, but one of them has since withdrawn from the application, and
- (b) the respondent has applied to the court for consideration under subsection (3) of his or her financial position after the dissolution of the civil partnership. ▮.

**19 Relief for respondent in dissolution proceedings: section 60 omitted**

Omit section 60.

**PART 3: AMENDMENT OF OTHER ENACTMENTS****20 Inheritance (Provision for Family and Dependants) Act 1982 amended**

- (1) The *Inheritance (Provision for Family and Dependants) Act 1982* is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 1 (application for final provision from deceased’s estate) in subsection (2)(a) —
  - (a) for “a decree of judicial separation” substitute ▮ a separation order ▮;
  - (b) for “the decree” substitute ▮ the order ▮.<sup>34</sup>
- (3) In section 3 (matters to which the court is to have regard in exercising powers under section 2) in subsection (2) in the words following paragraph (b)—

- (a) for “a decree of judicial separation” substitute **63** a separation order **62**; and
  - (b) for “a decree of divorce” substitute **63** a divorce order **62**.
- (4) In section 14 (provision as to cases where no financial relief granted in divorce proceedings etc) –
- (a) in subsection (1)–
    - (i) in the words before paragraph (a) for the words from “decree of divorce” to “granted” substitute **63** divorce order or annulment order has been made final or a separation order has been made **62**;
    - (ii) in the words after paragraph (b) for the words from “decree of divorce” to “granted” substitute –
      - 63** divorce order or annulment order had not been made final or the separation order had not been made, **62**;
  - (b) in subsection (2)–
    - (i) for “decree of judicial separation” substitute **63** separation order **62**; and
    - (ii) for “the decree” substitute **63** the order **62**;
- (5) In section 15 (restriction imposed in divorce proceedings etc) –
- (a) in subsection (1) for “grant of a decree of divorce, a decree of nullity of marriage or a decree of judicial separation” substitute **63** making of a divorce order, an annulment order or a separation order **62**;
  - (b) for subsection (2) substitute –
    - 63** (2) In the case of a divorce order or an annulment order an order may be made under subsection (1) before or after the divorce or annulment order is made final, but, if it is made before that order is made final, it shall not take effect unless that order is made final. **62**,<sup>35</sup>
  - (c) in subsection (3) for “the grant of a decree of divorce or nullity of marriage” substitute **63** the making of a divorce order or an annulment order **62**;
  - (d) in subsection (4) –
    - (i) for “the grant of a decree of judicial separation” substitute **63** the making of a separation order **62**
    - (ii) for “the decree is” substitute **63** the separation order is **62**.
- (6) In section 19 (effect, duration and form of orders), in subsection (2)(b) –
- (a) for “a decree of judicial separation” substitute **63** a separation order **62**;
  - (b) for “the decree” substitute **63** the order **62**.



- (7) In section 24 (interpretation)—
- (a) in subsection (1), in paragraph (a) of the definition of “former spouse” for the words from “decree of divorce” to “granted” substitute **44** divorce order or an annulment order made or a decree of divorce or a decree of nullity of marriage granted, **45**;
  - (b) after subsection (5A) insert—
 

<b>46</b> (5B)	In sections 1(2), 3(2), 14, 15 and 19(2)—
(a)	a reference to a divorce order includes a decree of divorce;
(b)	a reference to an annulment order includes a decree of nullity;
(c)	a reference to a separation order includes a decree of judicial separation;
(d)	a reference to making includes granting;
(e)	a reference to an order being made final includes a reference to a decree being made absolute. <b>47</b> .

## 21 Wills Act 1985 amended

In section 8(1) of the *Wills Act 1985* (effect of divorce, etc on will) in the words preceding paragraph (a)—

- (a) for “a decree of the High Court” substitute **48** an order of the High Court **49**;
- (b) for “his marriage” (in both places) substitute **48** the testator’s marriage **49**.

## 22 Legitimacy Act 1985 amended

In section 11(1) of the Legitimacy Act 1985 (interpretation) in the definitions of “void civil partnership” and “void marriage” in subsection (1), after “jurisdiction to grant” insert **48** an annulment order or **49**.<sup>36</sup>

## 23 High Court Act 1991 amended

In section 19 of the *High Court Act 1991* (restrictions on appeals to the Appeal Division) after subsection (2) insert—

- |                |   |
|----------------|---|
| <b>48</b> (2A) | No appeal shall lie to the Appeal Division from a divorce order or an annulment order under the <i>Matrimonial Proceedings Act 2003</i> that has been made final by a party who, having had time and opportunity to appeal from the provisional order on which that final order was founded, has not appealed from the provisional order. <b>49</b> . |
|----------------|---|

**24 Children and Young Persons Act 2001 amended**

In section 8(4)(a) of the *Children and Young Persons Act 2001* for “a decree of” substitute **an order of**.<sup>37</sup>

## ENDNOTES

### Table of Endnote References

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- <sup>1</sup> Heading substituted by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>2</sup> Subs (3) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>3</sup> Substituted subs (1) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>4</sup> Substituted para (a) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>5</sup> Substituted para (b) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>6</sup> Substituted subs (5) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>7</sup> Substituted para (b) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>8</sup> Substituted subs (1) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>9</sup> Substituted subs (1B) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>10</sup> Inserted section 35A heading amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>11</sup> Inserted para (a) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>12</sup> Inserted para (b) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>13</sup> Inserted subs (2) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>14</sup> Inserted para (b) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>15</sup> Substituted section 36 heading amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>16</sup> Inserted para (a) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>17</sup> Subs (4) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>18</sup> Subs (1) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>19</sup> Subs (2) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>20</sup> Subs (3) repealed by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>21</sup> Subsubheading amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>22</sup> Para 2 heading amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>23</sup> Subpara (1) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>24</sup> Subpara (2) inserted by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>25</sup> Subpara (2) renumbered as subpara (3) by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>26</sup> Subpara (3) renumbered as subpara (4) by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>27</sup> Substituted subpara (i) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>28</sup> Substituted subpara (ii) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>29</sup> Substituted para (a) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>30</sup> Inserted para (a) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>31</sup> Inserted para (b) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>32</sup> Para (c) inserted by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>33</sup> Subpara (3) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>34</sup> Subpara (2) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>35</sup> Substituted subs (2) amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>36</sup> Para 22 amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.
- <sup>37</sup> Para 24 amended by Statute Law Revision Act 2021 s 13.